CONNECT WOOD

Operating manual





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1. EXPLANATIONS TO SYMBOLS









TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

according to commission regulation (EU) 2015/1185 und 2015/1186 Ecodesign

Contact details of the manufacturer

Manufacturer:	RIKA Innovative Ofentechnik GmbH
Contact:	Andreas Bloderer
Address:	Müllerviertel 20
	4563 Micheldorf
	Austria

Details of the device

Model Identifier:	CONNECT WOOD
Equivalent models:	-
Notified body:	Technische Universität Wien, Getreidemarkt 9/166, 1060 Wien, Austria
Notified body no.:	1746
Test report no.:	n.A.
Applied harmonised standards:	EN13240:2001/A2:2004/AC:2007
Other applied standards/technical specifications:	-
Indirect heating functionality:	Nein
Direct heat output:	8,0 kW
Indirect heat output:	-

Characteristics when operating with the preferred fuel

Seasonal space heating energy efficiency ηs:	>=70 %
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency RIKATRONIC ηs:	-
Energy Efficiency Index:	>=107 - <130
Energy Efficiency Index RIKATRONIC:	-

Special precautions for assembly, installation or maintenance

Fire protection and safety distances such as distances to combustible building materials must be observed!

An adequate supply of combustion air for the appliance must be guaranteed at all times. Air-suction systems can interfere with the combustion air supply!

The flue gas values of the appliance must be observed for the chimney dimensioning!

Characteristics when operating exclusively with the preferred fuel

Heat output			
Nominal heat output	P _{nom}	8,0	kW
Minimum heat output	P _{min}	4,0	kW
Useful efficiency			
Useful efficiency at nominal heat output	$\eta_{\text{th,nom}}$	>=80	%
Useful efficiency at minimum heat output	$\eta_{\text{th,min}}$	>=80	%
Auxiliary electricity consumption*			
At nominal heat output	el _{max}	n.A.	kW
At minimum heat output	el _{min}	n.A.	kW
In standby mode	el _{SB}	n.A.	kW
Permanent pilot flame power requirement			
Pilot flame power requirement	P _{pilot}	n.A.	kW

*RIKATRONIC

Type of heat output/room temperature control	
single stage heat output, no room temperature control	Yes
two or more manual stages, no room temperature control (**)	No
with mechanic thermostat room temperature control (**)	No
with electronic room temperature control (**)	No
with electronic room temperature control plus day timer (**)	No
with electronic room temperature control plus week timer (**)	No
Room temperature control with presence detection (**)	No
Room temperature control with open window detection (**)	No
with remote control options (**)	No

Details of the fuel

Fuel	Preferred fuel:					· ·			(-)				Space heating emissions at minimum heat output (*)(**)			
				РМ	ogc	СО	NO _x	РМ	ogc	СО	NO _x					
				r	ng/Nm	³ (13% O	2)	r	ng/Nm ³	(13% O	2)					
Wood logs, moisture content ≤ 25 %	Yes	No	>=70	<=40	<=120	<=1250	<=200	-	-	-	-					
Wood logs RIKATRONIC, moisture content ≤ 25 %	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Compressed wood, moisture content < 12 %	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Other woody biomass	No	No	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	ı					
Non-woody biomass	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	i					
Anthracite and dry steam coal	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Hard coke	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Low temperature coke	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Bituminous coal	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Lignite briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Peat briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Blended fossil fuel briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Other fossil fuel	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Blended biomass and fossil fuel briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Other blend of biomass and solid fuel	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					

(*) PM = dust, OGC = gaseous organic compounds, CO = carbon monoxide, NOx = nitrous gases (**) Only required when applying correction factors F(2) or F(3)

Signed for and on behalf of the manufacturer by: Andreas Bloderer / product management

Micheldorf, 25.03.2024

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

according to commission regulation (EU) 2015/1185 und 2015/1186 Ecodesign

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Contact:	Andreas Bloderer
Address:	Müllerviertel 20
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	Austria

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Notified body no.:	1746
Test report no.:	n.A.
Applied harmonised standards:	EN13240:2001/A2:2004/AC:2007
Other applied standards/technical specifications:	-
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Minimum heat output	P _{min}	4,0	kW
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Useful efficiency at minimum heat output	$\eta_{\text{th,min}}$	>=80	%
Auxiliary electricity consumption*			
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Room temperature control with presence detection (**)	No
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with remote control options (**)	No

Details of the fuel

Fuel	Preferred fuel:	Other suitable fuel:	η _s [%]			ing emi heat ou			ce heat ninimun :*)		
				PM	ogc	CO	NOx	PM	ogc	CO	NO _x
				r	ng/Nm`	3 (13% O	₂)	ı	ng/Nm ³	(13% 0	2)
Wood logs, moisture content ≤ 25 %	Yes	No	>=70	<=40	<=120	<=1250	<=200	-	-	-	-
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Compressed wood, moisture content < 12 %	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Other woody biomass	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Non-woody biomass	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anthracite and dry steam coal	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hard coke	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low temperature coke	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bituminous coal	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lignite briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peat briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blended fossil fuel briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other fossil fuel	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Blended biomass and fossil fuel briquettes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other blend of biomass and solid fuel	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(*) PM = dust, OGC = gaseous organic compounds, CO = carbon monoxide, NOx = nitrous gases (**) Only required when applying correction factors F(2) or F(3)

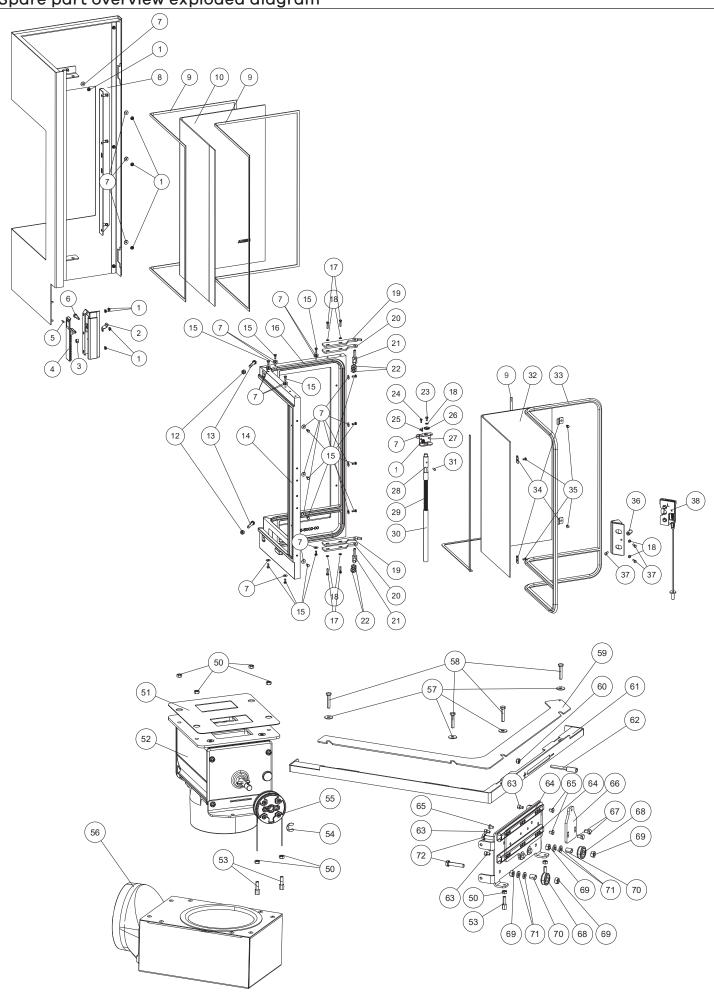
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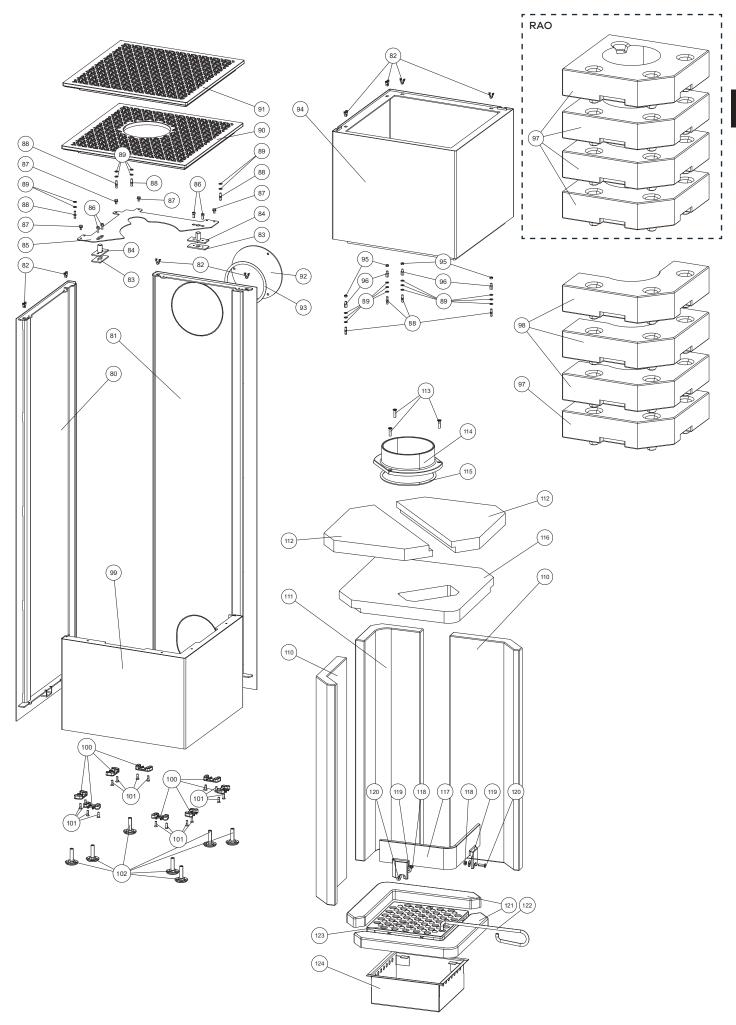
Micheldorf, 25.03.2024

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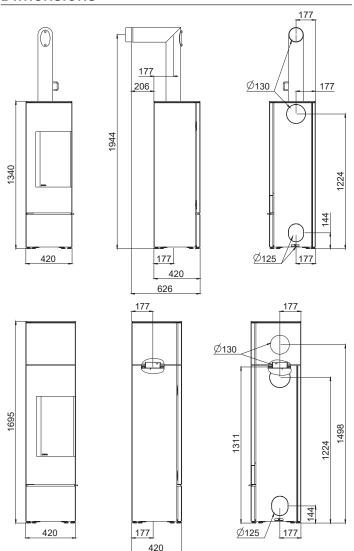
3. TECHNICAL DATA

Spare part overview exploded diagram





Nr.	Art.Nr.	Description	Nr.	Art.Nr.	Description
1	N112142	Flange nut	64	N112471	Slide
2	L03954	Holder plate	65	N104477	Allen screw M04X06
3	B18879	Magnet	66	L03937	Hinge plate, actuator
4	Z38953	Door opener	67	N111964	Hexagonal screw M05X08
	B19077	Door opener compl. right for door stop left	68	Z33895	Cable roll
	B19084	Door opener compl. left for door stop right	69	N103988	Hexagonal nut M06
5	N112166	Headless screw M04X16	70	Z10709	Spacer
6	N112829	Setscrew door opener M06X20	71	N112175	Washer
7	N112009	Flat washer	72	N112422	Hexagonal screw M06X30
8	LB00922	Decorative door left door stop	80	LB00974	Side panel for flue pipe connection right
	B19075	Decorative door compl. left door stop		LB00976	Side panel for flue pipe connection left
	LB00927	Decorative door right door stop	81	LB00975	Rear wall for flue pipe connection right
	B19083	Decorative door compl. right door stop		LB00977	Rear wall for flue pipe connection left
9	N103693	Flat seal black 8x2	82	Z36001	Snap spring
10	Z38645	Door glass	83	L02751	Adjusting plate below
12	N111970	Hexagonal nut M08	84	B17565	Adjusting plate
13	N112214	Hexagonal bolt M08X40	85	Z38956	Holder plate
14	Z38643	Front door right	86	N112694	Hexagon socket screw M05X12
15	N112138	Hexagonal screw M05X12	87	N108121	Self-tapping screw M05X08
16	Z38644	Front door left	88	Z36997	Bushing
17	N111866	Hexagonal screw M05X20	89	N111965	Washer M05
18*1	N111965	Washer M05	90	B19081	Cover assy, top flue outlet
19	L04096	Hinge plate top	91	B19085	Cover assy, rear flue outlet
20	L03951	Hinge plate below	92	Z39612	Blind cover
21	B16814	Hinge	93	N100475	Flat packing white 8x2
22	N111780	Hexagonal nut	94	LB00946	Power stone cover RAO
23*1	N111950	Hexagonal screw M05x10		L DOGG 47	Power stone cover flue pipe connection
24*1	N112148	Hexagonal screw M04X10		LB00947	right
25*1	L04099	Lock		LB00948	Power stone cover flue pipe connection
26*1	L04098	Locking plate	0.5		left
27	Z39437	Angle support	95	N106175	Hexagonal nut M05
28	Z39435	Spring tensioner	96	N112944	Spacer
29	Z39780	Torsion spring left	97	Z38336	Power stone
	Z39547	Torsion spring right	98	Z38337	Power stone AH
30	Z39436	Pipe	99	LB00923	Cover
31	N111810	Grub screw	100	Z38941	Bracket
32	Z38646	Front door glass	101 102	N110833 N112495	Self-tapping screw M05X16 Levelling screw black
33	N112828	Double sealing cord		Z38658	Firebrick lining
34	L03756	Glass holder	110	Z38657	Firebrick lining Firebrick lining rear
35	N111964	Hexagonal screw M05X08	111		Baffle plate cover
36	Z38649	Bolt	112 113	Z38656 N112305	Self-tapping screw M05x30
37	N112140	Hexagonal screw M05X16	114	Z17799	Flue pipe attachment D130 black
38	B19073	Shutter left	115	N111631	Round sealing cord grey D06
	B19310	Shutter right	116	Z38655	Baffle plate
50	N112274	Hexagonal nut M05	117	Z38905	Wood retainer
51	Z37407	Seal	118	N111974	Self-locking nut M05
52	B19070	Airbox compl.	119	N100169	Washer M05
53	N112476	Adjusting screw	120	N108231	Allen screw M05x16
54	N104718	Circlips D08	121	Z38659	Firebrick lining
55	B18557	Pulley with steel cable	122	Z10350	Grate hook
56	E16728	Option air supply adapter	123	Z38927	Grate
57	N100169	Washer M05	124	L03930	Ash drawer
58	N112051	Hexagonal screw M05X25	127		up to serial number 221524898 articles
59	L03956	Cover		*1	Z35847 + Z35848 must be supplied as well
60	N111974	Self-locking nut M05			• •
61	LB00925	Front cover, bottom, actuator right			
	LB00928	Front cover, bottom, actuator left			
62	Z38975	Actuator			
63	N111990	Hexagon socket M04X06			



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Height	[mm]	1340 / 1695
Width	[mm]	420
Corpus depth	[mm]	420

Weight

Flue pipe outlet

Weight with steelshell [kg] 158

[mm]

[mm]

130

177

Flue pipe connection

Original angle pipe connection height	[mm]	1944
Original angle pipe total depth	[mm]	626
Original angle pipe distance to rear wall	[mm]	206
Depth from rear wall to middle of flue pipe	[mm]	177
Original angle pipe side distance	[mm]	177
Rear connection height	[mm]	1224 / 1498

Fresh air connection below

Rear connection side distance

Diameter	[mm]	125
Side distance	[mm]	177

Fresh air connection left/right * Diameter [mm] 125 Connection height [mm] 144 Side distance [mm] 177

Amount of fuel

	Nominal load	Part load
Amount of fuel 8 kW	~2,2 kg**	~1,1 kg**
Amount of fuel 6 kW	~1,8 kg**	-

- * optional: E16728 Air supply adapter
- ** Practical values may vary depending on fuel quality.

Technical data

Technical data		8 kW	6 kW
Heating power range	[kW]	4 - 8	6
Fresh air demand	[m³/h]	21	16
Room heating capacity (depending on house insulation)	[m³]	90 - 210	70-160
Fuel consumption	[kg/h]	~2,2	~1,8
Efficiency	[%]	>80%	>80%
CO ₂	[%]	testing	testing
CO-emission on 13% O ₂	[mg/m _N ³]	<1250	<1250
Dust emission	$[mg/m_N^3]$	<40	<40
Exhaust	[g/s]	~7,3	~5,9
Exhaust temperature	[°C]	~220	~200
Chimney draft requirement	[Pa]	12	12

The owner of small firing systems or the person authorised for the small firing system is to keep the technical documentation and is to submit it to the authorities or the chimney sweep on request.

Note



Please observe the national and European standards as well as local regulations concerning the installation and operation of firing installations!

Packaging

Your first impression is important to us!

The packaging of your new stove provides excellent protection against damage. However damage to the stove and accessories may still occur during transport.

Note



Therefore please check your stove on receipt for damage and completeness! Report any deficiencies to your dealer immediately! Pay particular attention during unpacking that the stone panels remain intact. Scratches to the material can easily occur. Stone panels are excluded from the warrant.

The packaging of your new stove is environmentally neutral to a great extent.

Tip



The wood used in the packaging has not been surface treated and may therefore be burnt in your woodburning stove (not in a pelletstove!). The cardboard and film (PE) can be depolluted via the municipal waste collection for recycling.

4. IMPORTANT INFORMATION

General warning and safety information

Observance of the introductory general warning information is imperative.

- Read the entire manual thoroughly before installing and putting the stove into service. Observe the national provisions and laws as well as the regulations and rules applicable locally.
- RIKA stoves should only be installed in rooms with normal humidity (dry areas according to VDE 0100 Part 200). The furnaces are not splash water protected and may not be installed in wet areas.
- Only approved transport equipment with sufficient load carrying capacity may be used with your heating appliance.
- Your heating appliance is not suitable for use as a ladder or stationary scaffolding.
- The burning of fuel releases heat energy that lead to extensive heating of the stove surfaces, doors, door and operating handles, glass, flue pipes and possibly the front wall. Refrain from touching these parts without appropriate protective clothing or equipment e.g. heat-resistant gloves or means of operation (operating handle).
- Make your children aware of this particular danger and keep them away from the stove during heating.
- Only burn approved heating materials.
- The combustion or introduction of highly flammable or explosive materials such as empty spray cans etc. in the combustion chamber and storing them near the stove is strictly prohibited due to the danger of explosion.
- No light or inflammable clothing is to be worn when post-heating.
- Use the heat-resistant gloves supplied to open the doors of your stove
- Only use suitable tools from our range of accessories when handling embers and make sure that no embers fall out of the combustion chamber onto inflammable material.
- Push the embers together to form a firebed when you add new fuel (logs).
- Placing non-heat resistant objects on the stove or near it is prohibited.
- Do not place clothing on the stove to dry.
- Laundry racks etc. must be placed at a sufficient distance to the stove – ACUTE DANGER OF FIRE!
- When your stove is burning, the use of highly inflammable and explosive materials in the same or adjacent rooms is prohibited.

Note

Waste and liquids may not be burnt in the stove!

NoteTo prevent your stove from overheating of the internal components, do never cover the convection fins!

Note

-(1)

Your stove will expand and contract during the heating and cooling phase. This can sometimes lead to slight bending or cracking noises. This is normal and is no reason for a complaint.

First heating

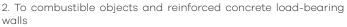
The stove body, just as various steel parts, cast iron parts and the flue pipes are painted with a heat resistant paint. During the first heating the paint dries out completely. This may cause a slight smell. Touching or cleaning the painted surfaces during the curing should be avoided. The hardening of the paint is finished after the first heating with high power.

Safety distances

Note



a > 40 cm, b > 7 cm

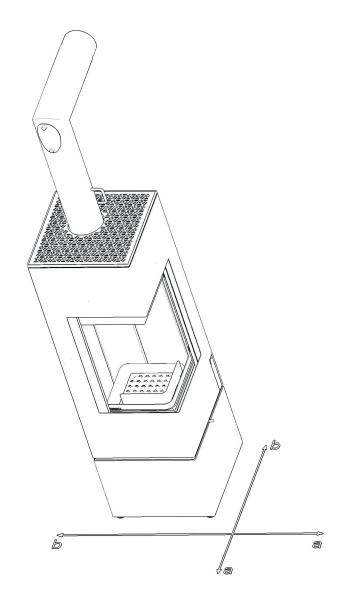


a > 80 cm, b > 7 cm

Tip



Please observe a minimum distance of 20 cm behind and sideways the stove for maintenance.



Prior to set up

Floor bearing capacity

Ensure that the substructure is capable of bearing the weight of the stove prior to set-up.

Note

No modifications may be made to the firing installation. This also leads to loss of warranty and guarantee.

Floor protection

A glass, sheet steel or ceramic plate is required, if the floor is combustible (wood, carpet, etc.).

Flue pipe connection

- Flue pipes pose a particular source of hazard regarding gas leaks and fire. Get the advice of an authorised specialist company for the layout and assembly.
- Please observe the corresponding installation guidelines for walls panelled with wood when connecting your flue pipes to the stove.
- Observe the formation of flue gas (atmospheric inversion) and draughts when the weather is unfavourable.
- Infeed of too little combustion air can lead to smoke in the rooms or to flue gas leaks. Hazardous deposits in the stove and chimney may also occur.
- If flue gas escapes, let the fire burn out and check whether all the air inlet openings are free and the flue gas pipes and the stove pipe are clean. If in doubt notify the master chimney sweep since draught malfunctions may be connected to your chimney.

Stoves type 1 (BA 1):

- Suitable for multiple occupancy. (Note the different country regulations.)
- These may only be operated with the combustion chamber door closed.
- The combustion chamber door may only be opened to add fuel and must then be closed again otherwise other firing installations connected to the chimney may be endangered.
- The combustion chamber door is to be kept closed when the stove is not in operation.
- Fouling of the chimney i.e. deposits of highly inflammable materials such as soot and tar and subsequently fire in the chimney may occur if wet fuel is used and operation is damped too much.
- If this occurs, close the fresh air support (slider, regulator, flaps model)! depending on Disconnect mains plug at the stoves type Rikatronic. Phone the fire brigade and get yourself and other residents out of harm's way.

Note



on ROOM-AIR DEPENDENT and ROOM-AIR INDEPENDENT OPERATION:

Combustion chamber door without a locking mechanism:

Your stove has been tested as a room-air independent stove according to EN 13240 and takes all the combustion air from the installation room via the central air intake on the back of the stove.

In combination with room-air installations (e.g. controlled ventilation and venting systems (extractors etc.) it must be ensured that the stove and the room air system are monitored and safeguarded mutually (e.g. via a differential pressure controller etc.). The combustion air infeed of approx. 20 m3/h must be ensured.

Combustion chamber door including a locking mechanism:

Thanks to the airtight configuration of the air supply line and flue pipes the Vitra is audited for FC41x (for the LAS system) and FC51x models the approval principles for the inspection and evaluation of ambient air independent fireplaces specified by the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik (DIBT) (German Institute for Building Technology) and the draft standard "Requirements for testing ambient air independence, Part 1: Room heaters" of the FNH standards committee (dated February 2004). An application has been filed for the general technical approval from the DIBT as an ambient air independent stove.

Please observe the respective local regulations and rules in consultation with your master chimney sweep. For changes after the printing of this manual, we can not assume any liability. We reserve the right to change without notice.

5. BRIEF INFORMATION ON COMBUSTIBLE - LOGS

Suitable fuels and fuel amounts

Your stove is generally suitable for burning dry firewood. You can also burn combustibles such as wood briquettes.

Note



A stove is not a waste incinerator. The warranty lapses if waste or non-approved materials such as plastic, treated wood (chipboard), coals or clothes are burnt! This leads to damage to the stove and chimney and to environmental pollution!

Note



FUEL AMOUNTS

The stove is fitted with a construction-specific flat firebox. This means only one layer of logs may be laid on the base embers. Please observe that adding greater quantities of logs leads to emission of high temperatures, higher than the stove is designed for. This may cause damage to your stove. This is reflected in particular on the glass of the combustion chamber door, which will get a gray haze in case of overheating the stove, which can not be removed.

Wood types

Different types of wood have different calorific values. Wood from deciduous trees is particularly suitable. It burns with a constant flame and forms long-lasting embers. Coniferous wood has higher levels of resin and burns off faster as do all softwoods and tends to spray sparks.

Wood type	Calorific value kWh/m³	Calorific value kWh/kg
Maple	1900	4,1
Birch	1900	4,3
Beech	2100	4,2
Oak	2100	4,2
Alder	1500	4,1
Ash	2100	4,2
Spruce	1700	4,4
Larch	1700	4,4
Poplar	1200	4,1
Robinia	2100	4,1
Fir	1400	4,5
Elm	1900	4,1
Willow	1400	4,1

Output controlling

The output of your stove is regulated manually or via the Rikatronic-control. Please observe that the output of your stove also depends on the chimney draught and the amount of fuel added.

Clean combustion

1. The firewood must be dry and untreated.

The should-be value is between 14 % and 18 % relative wood moisture. Wood has to be stored dry and ventilated for 2–3 years.

2. Correct firewood amount and size:

- Too much firewood leads to overheating. This can damage your stove and increases the exhaust emission values.
- If you take too little firewood or if the logs you place are too large the stove will not reach the optimum operating temperature. The flue gas values also increase in this case.
- For right quantity of firewood see AMOUNT OF FUEL.

6. INSTALLING THE STOVE

Note



Assembly may only be performed by authorised specialist companies.

Note



Please observe the regional safety and building regulations. Please contact your master chimney sweep in this context.

Note



Only use heat-resistant sealing materials as well as corresponding sealing strips, heat-resistant silicon and rock wool.

Note



Also take care that the flue does not project into the free crosssection of the chimney.

Note



In case of room-air independent operation the stove pipe connections must be tightly sealed permanently. Use a heat-proof silicon to position the stove pipe on the conical supports of the flue tube nozzles and for insertion in the chimney flue lining.

Note



The stove should not be pushed on unprotected floors.

Tip



Strong corrugated cardboard, cardboard or e.g. old carpet is useful to assist assembly and as a base. The stove can also be pushed on this cardboard or carpet.

We recommend original flue pipes from RIKA for proper connection.

Connection to the chimney

- The device must be connected to a flue that is approved for solid fuels and is insensitive to moisture. The moisture insensitivity may vary if the flue calculation results in a dry operation. The chimney must have a diameter of min. 100 mm for pellet stoves and 130 mm -150 mm for log wood stoves depending on the diameter of the flue pipes.
- Avoid long flue pipes to the chimney. The horizontal length of the flue pipe should not exceed 1.5 metres.
- Avoid to many bends of the flue gas pipes. There should not be more than 3 bends in the exhaust pipe.
- Please use a connection with a cleaning opening.
- Connections must be made of metal and must meet the requirements of the standard (install the connections airtight).
- Before installing a chimney calculation must be made. The evidence must be performed for single occupancy to EN13384-1 and EN13384-2 for multiple occupancy.
- The maximum draft of the chimney should not exceed 15 Pa.
- The derivation of the flue gases must be guaranteed even during a temporary power outage.

Note



If connecting to multiple connection chimneys and depending on country regulations, additional safety equipment is required. Your local chimney sweep will advise you in this case.

Note



Be sure to prevent condensed water from entering via the flue connection. For combination stoves, a condensate collection pipe must be used for ceiling connection or flue pipe connection at the top. Damages caused by condensate are excluded from manufacturer's warranty.

Connecting to a steel chimney

The connection must be calculated and shown with EN13384-1 and EN13384-2.

Use only insulated (double) stainless steel tubes (flexible aluminum or steel tubes are not permitted).

An inspection door for regular inspection and cleaning must be present.

The flue pipe connection to the chimney has to be air-tight.

Combustion air

Every combustion process requires oxygen from the surrounding air. This so-called combustion air is removed from the living are in the case of individual stoves without external air connections.

This air removed must be replaced in the living space. Very tightly sealed windows and doors in modern flats may mean that too little air replaces that used. The situation also becomes problematical due to additional venting in flats (e.g. in the kitchen or WC). If you cannot feed in external combustion air, then air the room several times a day to prevent negative pressure in the room or poor combustion.

Feeding in external combustion air

only for devices which are able to run in room-air independent operation.

- Combustion air must be fed to the stove from outside via a sealed pipe for operation independent of the room air. According to EnEV, it must be possible to shut off the combustion air pipe. The open/closed setting must be clearly recognisable.
- Connect at the air intake either a pipe Ø 125 mm for log wood and combi stoves, or Ø 50 mm or Ø 60 mm for pellet stoves. Fix it with a hose clamp (not included!). At pellet stoves with longer intake pipes than 1 m the diameter should be increased to 100 mm. (see RIKA range).
- To ensure sufficient air intake, the intake pipe should not exceed max. 4 metres and have max. 3 bends.
- If the line leads outside it must have a windbreak.
- In extreme cold pay attention to icing on the air intake opening (check)
- It is also possible to suction in combustion air directly from another sufficiently vented room (e.g. cellar).
- The combustion air pipe must be tightly connected (adhesive or cement) permanently to the air nozzles of the stove.
- If you do not use the stove for a long time, please close the combustion air intake to prevent the stove from moisture.

Note



Please note that problems may arise due to updrafts in the case of combustion air supply from an integrated chimney ventilation shaft. If the combustion air flowing downwards is heated it may rise and thus counter the chimney with a resistance which in turn reduces the negative pressure in the combustion chamber. The chimney manufacturer is to guarantee that the resistance for the combustion air is a maximum 2 Pa even in the least favourable operating state of the chimney.

If one or more of these conditions does NOT apply, the result is poor combustion in the stove and negative pressure in the installation room.

7. MANUAL OPERATION

Each combustion process needs oxygen. Before ignition the combustion chamber must be regularly cleaned from ash to ensure an adequate supply of air.

The right fill amount for heating up is 2 - 3 logs of the quantity given in AMOUNT OF FUEL.

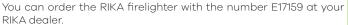
Correct heating up primarily according to instructions counteracts excessive smoke during heating up.

RIKA firelighter

Always ignite the RIKA firelighter on the red tip. One block consists out of 8 ribs which can be divided to the desired size. The amount of RIKA firelighters also depends on the size and humidity of your firewood. Ideally, one rib is enough to light up the fire.

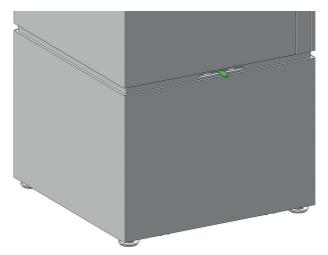


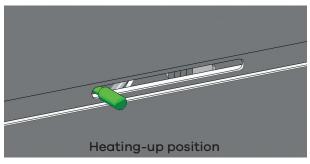
Tip

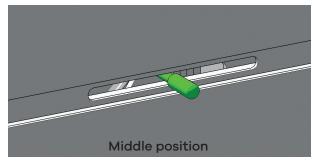


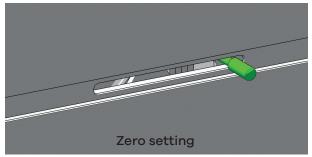
Combustion air regulation

The performance of your stove also depends on the chimney draught; therefore the control knob for combustion air regulation must be used according to your own experience.









The **heating-up position** may only be used for heating up or refilling.

Note



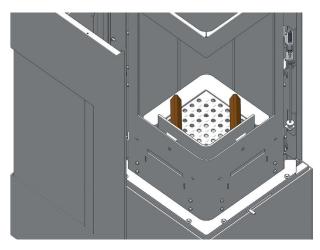
The air control seals to 100 %. Complete closing of the air regulator (zero setting of control knob) during operation poses a hazard of deflagration and is strictly prohibited.

If the stove is not in use, warm air can release through the chimney. The zero position of the control knob can prevent this.

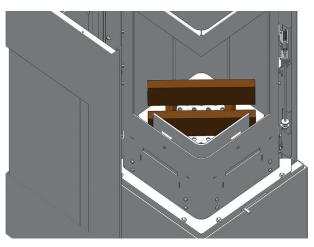
Correct heating up

1. Move the control lever completely to **heating-up position**. Open the combustion chamber door and sweep the ashes into the ashtray.

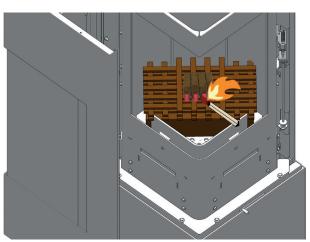
Place left and right two small pieces of chipboard lengthways in the bottom of the combustion chamber.



2. Place two logs crossways on top of this chipboard.



- 3. Now place further pieces of chipboard in crosswise layers on top of the logs and place 2-4 ribs of the RIKA-firelighter on the left on top of the chipboard. Some uncoated paper can be placed underneath the chipboard in case there is no firelighter available.
- 4. Now light the firelighter (or the paper) and close the combustion chamber door.



Set the control knob for combustion air regulation to middle position some minutes later.

If the logs are well lit the control knob can be set step by step further to zero position another few minutes later (depending on draught, fuel quality and amount).

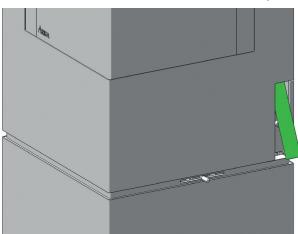
Refilling





After the first burn-off, again add two logs (see amount of fuel). Set the control to **heating-up position** again until the wood is well lit.

For optimal combustion, the air regulator should be in the ideal position between the zero position and the middle position. This reduces the emission values and increases the efficiency.



Please proceed in the same way for every further addition of wood.

Note



Sometimes a lot of smoke develops when wood is placed on a low firebed or when there is too less fresh air for combustion. An explosive gas/air mixture may arise and cause an eventual heavy deflagration. For safety reasons it is recommended to leave the combustion chamber door closed and press the control knob at the rear wall down completely into **heating-up position**. If the log wood is not igniting, start a new heating-up procedure after it stopped smoking.

8. CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

Basic information

Note

When you vacuum clean around the stove ensure that you do not vacuum into the combustion air intake during heating operation. You could vacuum out embers – FIRE RISK!

Note

Your stove must be cooled before any maintenance work is performed.

The frequency with which the stove requires cleaning and the maintenance intervals depend on the fuel you use. High moisture content, ash, dust and chips may more than double the maintenance required. Only use wood that has been stored properly and is dry and untreated.

Note



Ash may contain embers – only place ash in sheet steel containers. FIRE RISK! In a cold state, dispose it of in the household waste.

Cleaning the door glass

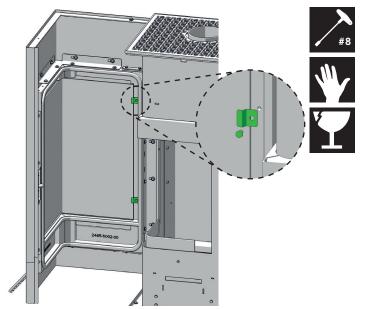
(If necessary)

The glass can be cleaned best with a moist cloth. Stubborn dirt can be removed with a special cleaner (free from corrosive acids and solvents - otherwise there is a risk of damage to the glass surface) available from your stove dealer. Usual cleaners containing acid or solvents can be too harsh and damage the glass.

Note



Ash residue can also form between the two panes. To clean these, dismantle the 4 glass holders and remove the glass.



Clean combustion chamber

Note

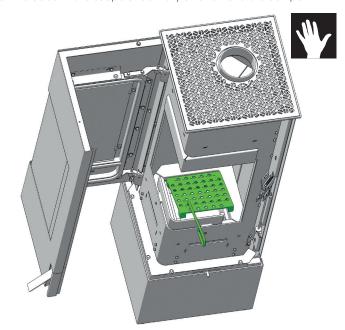


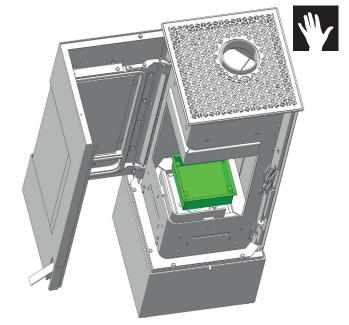
Only when the stove is cold! You could vacuum out embers - FIRE RISK!

The combustion chamber must be regularly cleaned from ash to ensure an adequate supply of air. If you remove the grate, you can sweep the ashes with a broom in the ash tray. You can also use an ash vacuum cleaner.

Empty ash drawer

Empty the ash pan regularly. Lift away the floor grate with the grate hook included in the scope of delivery and remove the ash pan.





Clean painted surfaces

(If necessary)

Wipe the painted surfaces with a damp cloth, do not scrub. Do not use solvent-containing cleaners.

Clean convection air openings

Vacuum clean any dust deposits from the convection air openings at regular intervals.

The stove should be cleaned thoroughly prior to the start of the heating season to prevent excess odour.

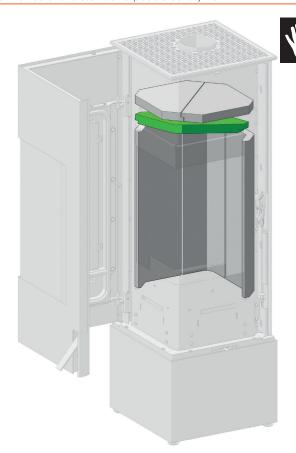
Clean flue gas outlet

(annually)

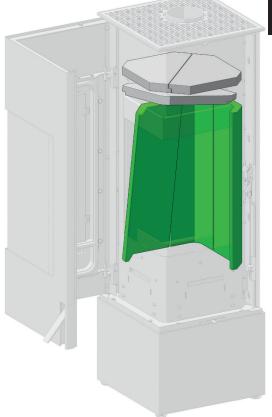
Remove the flue pipes. Inspect and clean the chimney connection. Brush off any soot and dust deposits in the stove and in the flue pipes and vacuum.

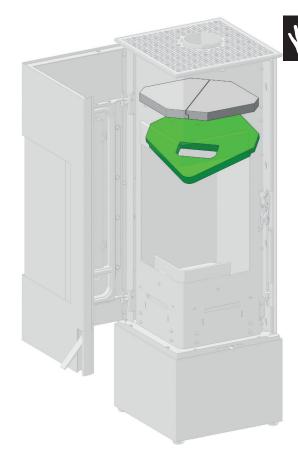
Note

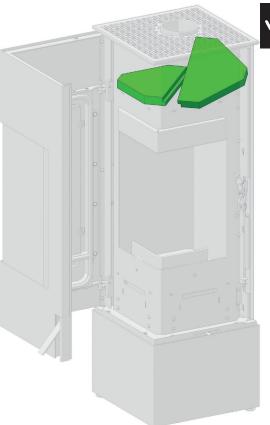
Accumulated fly ash in the flue gas channels may impair the performance of the stove and pose a safety risk.











Check seals

(annually)

Check the condition of the seals at least once a year. Repair or replace seals depending on condition.

Note

Only intact seals ensure your stove works perfectly!



Tip

You will find the seals in the spare part overview.

9. PROBLEMS - POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS

Problem 1

Fire burns with weak, orange flame, window is sooted up.

Cause(s)

- Poor chimney draught
- Damp wood
- Incorrect heating up
- Stove is sooted over inside

Possible solutions

- Check whether flue gas pipes are blocked with ash (see CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE).
- Use dry wood and correct fuel amounts (see BRIEF INFORMATION ON COMBUSTIBLE - LOGS)
- Check whether the suction nozzles and air inlet pipe or flue tube are blocked.
- Check door and cleaning cover seals for leaks (see CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE)
- Have service performed by authorised specialist company.
- Every glass plate must be cleaned from time to time (depending on use) with glass cleaner.

Problem 2

Stove smells strongly and / or fumes are emitted.

Cause(s)

- Burning-in phase (taking into service)
- Stove has accumulated dust and/or dirt

Possible solution(s)

- Wait to end of burning-in phase and vent sufficiently
- Suction off any dust deposits from the convection air openings at regular intervals

Problem 3

Flue gas discharge when wood is added and during heating phase.

Cause(

- Combustion chamber door opened too fast
- Too much ash in combustion chamber
- Adding logs to snappy
- Chimney draught too low
- Flue pipe connection leaks
- Logs combustion still running (visible flame)

Possible solution(s)

- open the combustion chamber door moderate
- regular cleaning of combustion chamber (vacuum)
- Adding logs carefully
- Check chimney
- Check connections and if necessary re-seal
- Add logs after flame is gone
- Check seals and replace (fire door, ..)

10. GUARANTEE CONDITIONS

We recommend having the installation performed by a RIKA-certified technician.

These guarantee conditions only apply for the European mainland. For all other countries, the separate conditions of the importer in the respective country apply. In cases of doubt, or in the case of missing or incorrect translations, the German version is always the sole valid version.

In the interest of ensuring damage limitation in good time, the guarantee claim should be sent in writing to the RIKA specialist or contract dealer.

In this event, the following documents must be presented:

- Written reason for complaint
- Invoice
- · Commissioning record
- Model name and serial number

RIKA GUARANTEE 5 YEARS

on the welded stove body.

Up to 5 years or 10,000 kg of consumed pellets for pellet stoves.

The RIKA guarantee is a commercial or manufacturer's guarantee (subject to certain exceptions).

This relates exclusively to defects in the material and processing, and to the supply of replacement parts free of charge. Working hours and travel times are not covered by the manufacturer's guarantee.

The guarantee is conditional on the following:

- Only original parts supplied by the manufacturer must be used.
- Professional installation of the stove in compliance with the respective operating manual valid at the time of purchase.
- The stove must be connected by a professional certified for that type of stove.
- The commissioning is performed by a RIKA-certified technician.

If these points are not complied with, the guarantee claim is void!

Any costs incurred by the manufacturer as a result of an unjustified guarantee claim will be charged back to the claimant. Likewise excluded from the guarantee is any damage resulting from or caused by non-compliance with the manufacturer's instructions for operating the appliance, e.g. overheating, use of non-approved fuels, unprofessional interference with the appliance or the flue pipe, a flue suction that is incorrectly adjusted to the appliance or is insufficient or too strong, condensation water, non-performance of or inadequate maintenance or cleaning, non-compliance with the applicable building regulations, improper operation by the operator or third parties, transport and handling damage.

STATUTORY WARRANTY PROVISIONS REMAIN UNAFFECTED BY THE GUARANTEE!

11. WARRANTY CONDITIONS

As a consumer, you are entitled to the warranty, which covers any defects at the time of delivery. The warranty is two (2) years from the date of delivery of the stove.

See the respective general terms and conditions of business and warranty conditions of the RIKA dealer.

The warranty does not cover:

- Wearing parts (normal wear and tear not resulting from a defect)
- 2. Parts in contact with fire, e.g. glass, combustion troughs, grates, baffle plates, deflectors, combustion chamber cladding (e.g. refractory clay), ceramics, ignition elements, sensors, combustion chamber sensors and temperature monitors
- 3. Paint, surface coatings (e.g. handles, cover panels)
- 4. Seals
- 5. Natural stone, thermal stone, etc.

valid from: 01.07.2023

12. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RIKA Innovative Ofentechnik GmbH is ensuring that its products are eco-friendly throughout the product life cycle. This is why our commitment for electronic products goes beyond the end of their product life cycle.

Note



For proper disposal of the device, we recommend contacting a local waste disposal company.

Note



Please contact your RIKA specialist dealer for professional disassembly/dismantling of the device.

Note



We recommend that you remove the parts that come into contact with the fire, such as glass, fire trough, grates, draught plates, baffle plates, combustion chamber linings (e.g. fireclay), ceramics, ignition elements, sensors, combustion chamber sensors and temperature monitors and dispose of them in the household waste.

Information on the individual components of the device

- Electrical or electronic components: Remove the electrical or electronic components from the device by disassembling them. These components must not be disposed of in the residual waste. Proper disposal should be carried out via the waste electrical equipment take-back system.
- **Fireclay in the combustion chamber:** Remove fireclay components that have been installed in the combustion chamber from the appliance. If present, fastening elements must be removed beforehand. Fireclay components that come into contact with the fire or flue gas must be disposed of; reuse or recycling is not possible.
- Vermiculite in the combustion chamber: Remove vermiculite that has been installed in the combustion chamber from the appliance. If present, fastening elements must be removed beforehand. Vermiculite in contact with fire or flue gas must be disposed of, reuse or recycling is not possible.
- Glass ceramic pane: Remove the glass ceramic pane using a suitable tool. Remove the seals and separate them from the frame if present. Transparent glass ceramic can generally be recycled, but must be separated into decorated and non-decorated panes. The glass ceramic pane can be disposed of as construction waste.
- Sheet steel: Disassemble the sheet steel components of the device by unscrewing or flexing (alternatively by mechanical crushing). If present, remove the seals beforehand. Dispose of the sheet steel parts as metal scrap.
- Cast iron: Disassemble the components of the cast iron device by unscrewing or flexing (alternatively by mechanical crushing). If present, remove gaskets beforehand. Dispose of the cast parts as metal scrap.
- Natural stone: Remove existing natural stone mechanically from the unit and dispose of as construction waste.
- Gaskets (glass fibre): Remove the gaskets mechanically from the device. These components must not be disposed of with residual waste, as waste glass fibre cannot be destroyed by incineration. Dispose of gaskets as glass and ceramic fibres (artificial mineral fibres).
- Metal handles and decorative elements: If present, remove or dismantle metal handles and decorative elements and dispose of them as metal scrap.

Note



Please observe the local disposal possibilities for all components.

Extract from the waste code of the European Waste List Regulation

Waste code	Waste type
15 01 03	Wooden packaging
17 01 03	Tiles and ceramics
17 02 02	Glass
17 04 05	Iron and steel
17 05 04	Soil and stones

Electronic Waste

In accordance with the European Directive (2012/19/EU) Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) and other local regulations, RIKA supports the setup of take-back systems and recycling infrastructures.

Old devices can easily be returned to the municipal waste collectors for recycling purposes. Please observe the national regulations to that end.



The device may not be disposed of in the normal household waste.

13. COMPLIANCE WITH EU REGULATIONS



This product comlies with the requirements of the European Community.

Hereby, RIKA Innovative Ofentechnik GmbH declares that this device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2011/1185/FLJ

The most recent and valid version of the DoC (Declaration of Conformity) can be viewd at www.rika.at.





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In case of doubt as well as missing or incorrect translations, the German version is the only valid one. Subject to technical and visual changes as well as layout and printing errors..

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